

USING THE RANGE

Surface Units - Knob Models

How to Set

Push the knob in and turn in either direction to the setting you want.

A surface ON indicator light will glow when any surface unit is on.

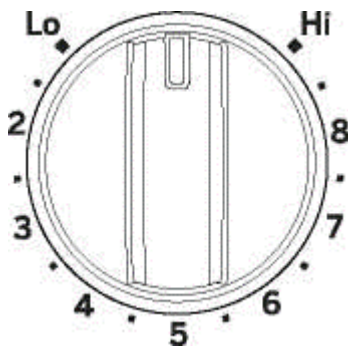
For glass cooktop surfaces:

A HOT COOKTOP indicator light will:

- come on when the unit is hot to the touch
- stay on even after the unit IS turned off
- stay on until the unit is cooled to approximately 150°F.

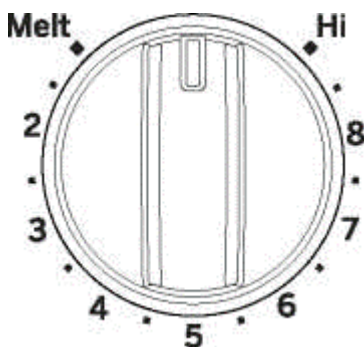
At both OFF and HI the control clicks into position. You may hear slight clicking sounds during cooking, indicating the control is maintaining your desired setting. Be sure you turn the control knob to OFF when you finish cooking.

OFF



Melt setting (on some models) will melt chocolate or butter.

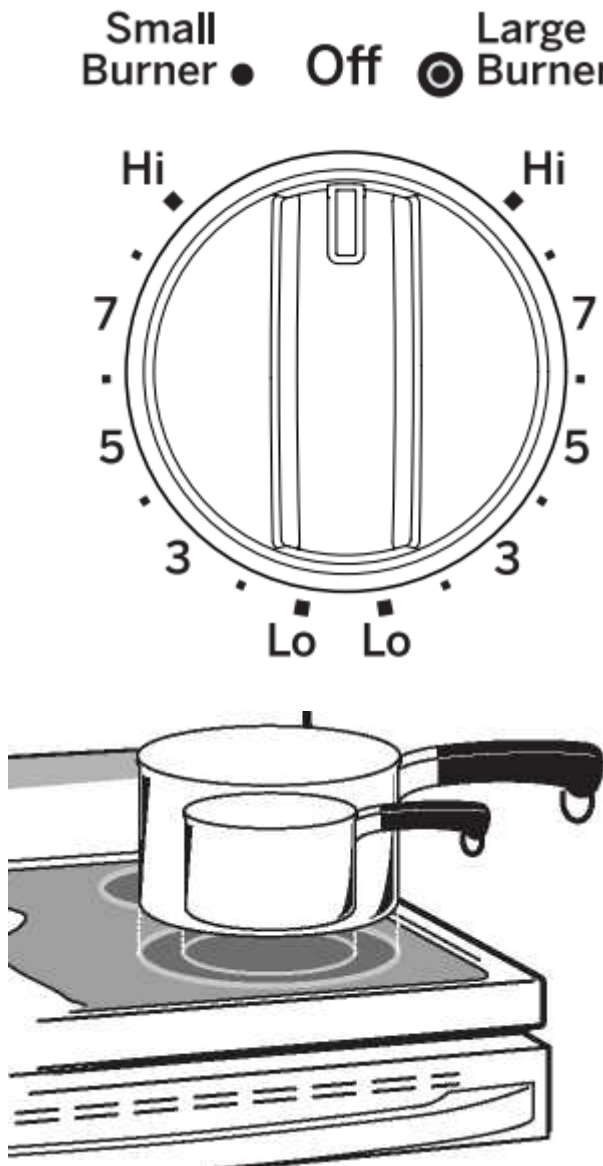
OFF



Dual and Triple Surface Units and Control Knobs (on some models)

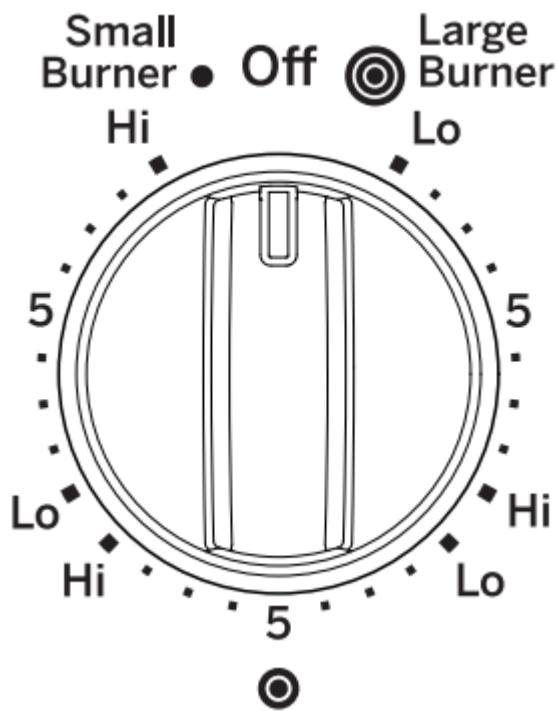
The surface unit has 2 or 3 cooking sizes to select from so you can match the size of the unit to the size of the cookware you are using.

Models with a Dual-Ring surface element only



Models with a Tri-Ring surface element only





Using the Warming Zone (on some models)

The WARMING ZONE, located in the back center of the glass surface, will keep hot, cooked food at serving temperature. Always start with hot food. Do not use to heat cold food. Placing uncooked or cold food on the WARMING ZONE could result in foodborne illness.

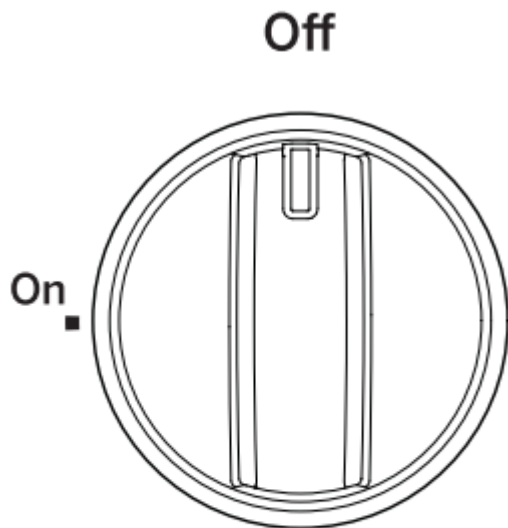
Turn the control knob to the ON position.

For models using the touch pads for warming zone control, see section on "Using the Oven" for additional details.

For best results, all foods on the WARMING ZONE should be covered with a lid or aluminum foil. When warming pastries or breads, the cover should be vented to allow moisture to escape.

The initial temperature, type and amount of food, type of pan, and the time held will affect the quality of the food.

Always use pot holders or oven mitts when removing food from the WARMING ZONE, since cookware and plates will be hot.



Warming Zone

Surface Units - Knob-Free Models

Radiant Glass Cooktop

The surface unit will cycle on and off to maintain your selected control setting. This is normal.

For glass cooktop surfaces:

A HOT COOKTOP indicator light will:

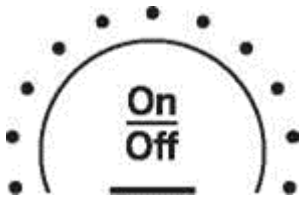
- come on when the unit is hot to the touch.
- stay on even after the unit is turned off.
- stay on until the unit is cooled to approximately 150°F.

To Turn On a Surface Unit:

1. Touch the On/Off pad, then touch the + or - pad.
2. Use the + or - pad to choose the desired power setting.
3. For the dual and triple surface units, touch the Burner Size pad to select the desired burner size.

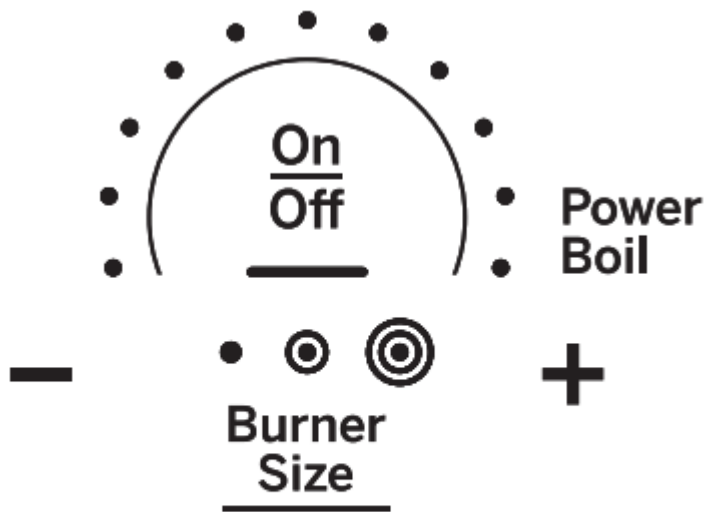
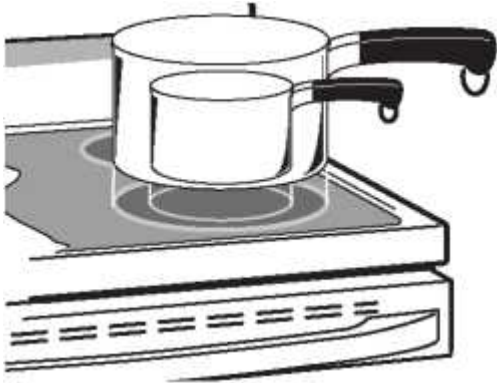
To Turn Off a Surface Unit:

Touch the On/Off pad.



Dual and Triple Surface Units (on some models)

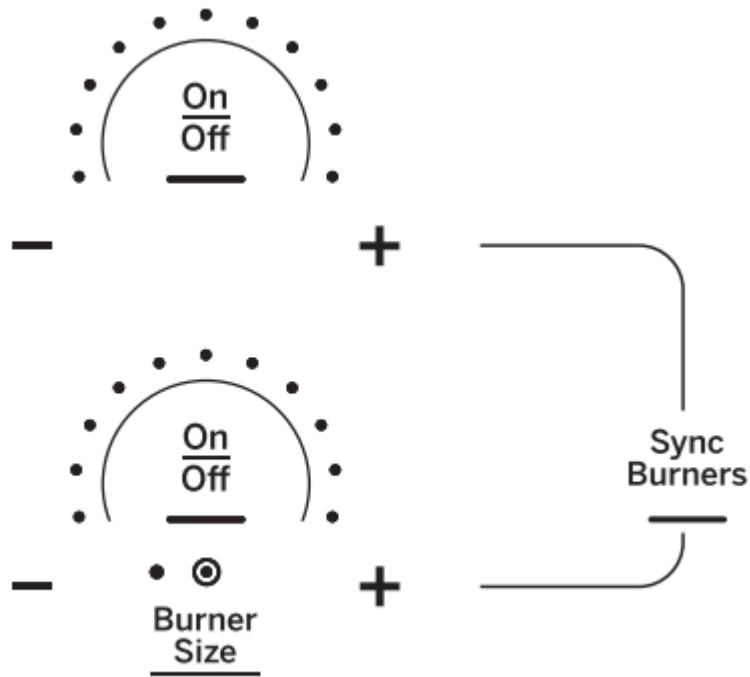
The surface unit has 2 or 3 cooking sizes to select from so you can match the size of the unit to the size of the cookware you are using.



Models with a Tri-Ring surface element only.

Sync Burner Feature

This feature allows you to synchronize the left rear and left front burners to create one large cooking zone for griddle cooking. To use this feature, press the Sync Burners pad. You may then use either the left front or left rear + - pads to adjust the power of both burners simultaneously. To unsync, press either burner's On/Off pad



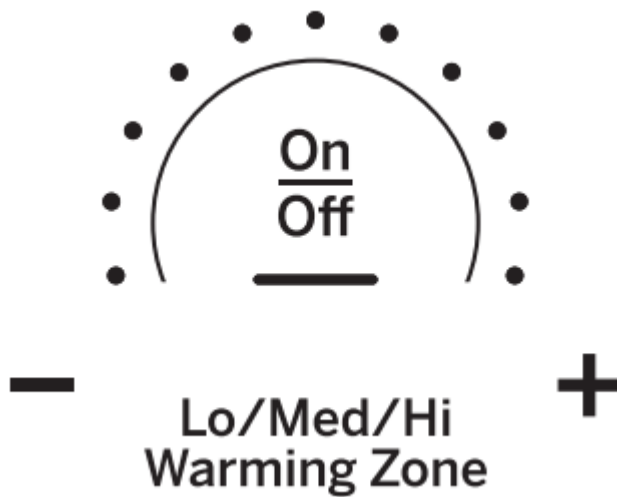
Using the Warming Zone

To Use the Warming Zone:

1. Touch the Warming Zone On/Off pad
2. Use the + or - pad to choose the desired Lo/Med/Hi setting.

To Turn Off the Warming Zone:

Touch the Warming Zone On/Off pad.



Surface Units - All Models

Home Canning Tips

Be sure the canner is centered over the surface unit.

Make sure the canner is flat on the bottom.

To prevent burns from steam or heat, use caution when canning.

Use recipes and procedures from reputable sources. These are available from manufacturers such as Ball® and Kerr® and the Department of Agriculture Extension Service.

Flat-bottomed canners are recommended. Use of water bath canners with rippled bottoms may extend the time required to bring the water to a boil.

For Models With a Radiant Glass Cooktop

The radiant cooktop features heating units beneath a smooth glass surface.

NOTE: A slight odor is normal when a new cooktop is used for the first time. It is caused by the heating of new parts and insulating materials and will disappear in a short time.

NOTE: On models with light-colored glass cooktops, it is normal for the cooking zones to change color when hot or cooling down. This is temporary and will disappear as the glass cools to room temperature.

The surface unit will cycle on and off to maintain your selected control setting.

It is safe to place hot cookware on the glass surface even when the cooktop is cool.

Even after the surface units are turned off, the glass cooktop retains enough heat to continue cooking. To avoid overcooking, remove pans from the surface units when the food is cooked. Avoid placing anything on the surface unit until it has cooled completely.

- Water stains (mineral deposits) are removable using the cleaning cream or full-strength white vinegar.
- Use of window cleaner may leave an iridescent film on the cooktop. The cleaning cream will remove this film.
- Don't store heavy items above the cooktop. If they drop onto the cooktop, they can cause damage.
- Do not use the surface as a cutting board.



Never cook directly on the glass. Always use cookware.



Always place the pan in the center of the surface unit you are cooking on.



Do not slide cookware across the cooktop because it can scratch the glass—the glass is scratch-resistant, not scratch proof.

Temperature Limiter on Radiant Glass Cooktops

Every radiant surface unit has a temperature limiter.

The temperature limiter protects the glass cooktop from getting too hot.

The temperature limiter may cycle the surface units off for a time if:

- the pan boils dry.
- the pan bottom is not flat.
- the pan is off-center.

- there is no pan on the unit.

Cookware for Radiant Glass Cooktop

Recommended

Stainless Steel Aluminum:

heavy weight recommended

Good conductivity. Aluminum residues sometimes appear as scratches on the cooktop but can be removed if cleaned immediately. Because of its low melting point, thin weight aluminum should not be used.

Copper Bottom:

Copper may leave residues which can appear as scratches. The residues can be removed, as long as the cooktop is cleaned immediately. However, do not let these pots boil dry. Overheated metal can bond to glass cooktops. An overheated copper bottom pot will leave a residue that will permanently stain the cooktop if not removed immediately.

Enamel (painted) on Cast Iron:

recommended if bottom of pan is coated

Avoid/Not Recommended

Enamel (painted) on Steel:

Heating empty pans can cause permanent damage to cooktop glass. The enamel can melt and bond to the ceramic cooktop.

Glass-ceramic:

Poor performance. Will scratch the surface.

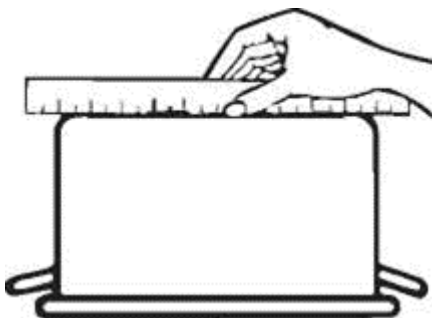
Stoneware:

Poor performance. May scratch the surface.

Cast Iron:

not recommended—unless designed specifically for glass cooktops

Poor conductivity and slow to absorb heat. Will scratch the cooktop surface.



Check pans for flat bottoms by using a straight edge



Pans with rounded, curved, ridged or warped bottoms are not recommended.

For Best Results

- Place only dry pans on the surface elements. Do not place lids on the surface elements, particularly wet lids. Wet pans and lids may stick to the surface when cool.
- Do not use woks that have support rings. This type of wok will not heat on glass
- We recommend that you use only a flat-bottomed wok. They are available at your local retail store. The bottom of the wok should have the same diameter as the surface element to ensure proper contact.
- Some special cooking procedures require specific cookware such as pressure cookers or deep-fat fryers. All cookware must have flat bottoms and be the correct size



Do not Place wet pans on the glass cooktop



Do not use work with support rings on the glass cooktop



Use flat-bottomed works on the glass cooktop.

WiFi Connect

Connecting your WiFi Connect Enabled oven (on some models)

Your GE Appliances oven is designed to provide you with two-way communication between your appliance and smart device. By using the GE Appliances WiFi Connect features, you will be able to control essential oven operations such as temperature settings, timers and cooking modes using your smartphone or tablet.*

What you will need

Your GE Appliances oven uses your existing home WiFi network to communicate between the appliance and your smart device. In order to setup your GE Appliances oven, you will need to gather some information:

1. Each GE Appliances oven has a connected appliance information label that includes an Appliance Network Name and Password. These are the two important details that you will need to connect to the appliance. The label is typically located inside the door of the oven or drawer.

Connected Appliance Information

FCC: ZKJ-WCATA001	Network: GE_XXXXXX_XXXX
IC: 10229A-WCATA001	Password: XXXXXXXX
MAC ID: XX - XX - XX - XX - XX - XX	PT. NO. 229C6272G001-0

2. Have your smart phone or tablet ready with the ability to access the internet and download apps.

3. You will need to know the password of your home WiFi router. Have this password ready while you are setting up your GE Appliances oven

Connect your GE Appliances oven

1. On your smartphone or tablet visit [page](#) to learn more about connected appliance features and to download the appropriate app.

2. Follow the app onscreen instructions to connect your GE Appliances oven.

3. Once the process is complete, the connection light located on your GE Appliances oven display will stay on solid and the app will confirm you are connected.

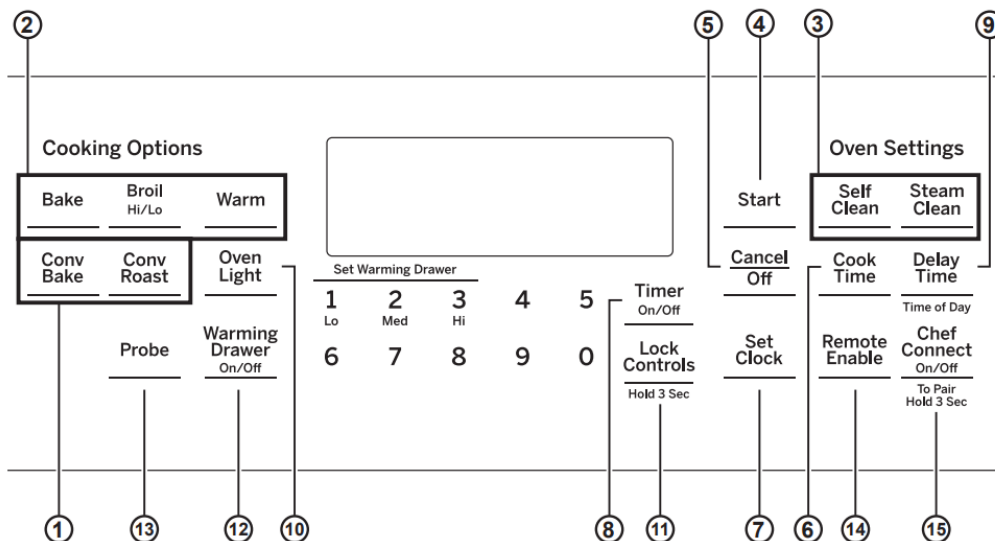
4. If the connection light does not turn on or is blinking, follow the instructions on the app to reconnect. If issues continue please call 800.220.6899 and ask for assistance regarding oven wireless connectivity.

To connect additional smart devices, repeat steps 1 and 2.

Note that any changes or modifications to the remote enable device installed on this oven that are not expressly approved by the manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Oven Controls





1. Convection Cooking Modes: Convection cooking modes use increased air circulation to improve performance. The type of benefit depends on the mode. Your oven has the following convection cooking modes: Convection Bake and Convection Roast. See the Cooking Modes section for more information.

2. Traditional Cooking Modes: Your oven has the following traditional cooking modes: Bake, Broil Hi/ Lo, and Warm. See the Cooking Modes section for more information.

3. Clean: Your oven has two cleaning modes: Self Clean and Steam Clean. See the Cleaning the Oven section for important information about using these modes.

4. Start: Must be pressed to start any cooking, cleaning, or timed function.

5. Cancel/Off: Cancels ALL oven operations except the clock, timer, Warming Drawer and Warming Zone.

6. Cook Time: Counts down cooking time and turns off the oven when the cooking time is complete. Press the Cook Time pad, use the number pads to program a cooking time in hours and minutes, then press Start. This can only be used with Bake, Convection Bake, and Convection Roast.

7. Clock: Sets the oven clock time. Press the Set Clock pad, then use the number pads to program the clock. Press Start to save the time.

8. Timer On/Off: Works as a countdown timer.

Press the Timer On/Off pad and the number pads to program the time in hours and minutes. Press the Start pad. The timer countdown is complete. To turn the timer off press the Timer On/Off pad.

9. Delay Time: Delays when the oven will turn on.

Use this to set a time when you want the oven to start. Press the Delay Time pad and use the number pads to program the time of day for the oven to turn on then press Start. Press the desired cooking mode and temperature then press Start. A Cook Time may also be programmed if desired. Follow the directions under Cook Time for setting this feature. This can only be used with Bake, Convection Bake, Convection Roast, and Self-Clean.

NOTE: When using the Delay Time feature, foods that spoil easily—such as milk, eggs, fish, stuffings, poultry and pork—should not be allowed to sit for more than 1 hour before or after cooking. Room temperature promotes the growth of harmful bacteria. Be sure that the oven light is off because heat from the bulb will speed harmful bacteria growth.

10. Oven Light: Turns the oven light on or off.

11. Lock Controls: Locks out the control so that pressing the pads does not activate the controls. Press the Lock Controls pad, for three seconds to lock or unlock the control. Cancel/Off is always active, even when the control is locked.

12. Warming Drawer (on some models): Will

keep hot, cooked foods at serving temperature. Press the Warming Drawer pad. Use the number pad to select the temperature setting. Press 1 for Low, 2 for Medium or 3 for High, then press Start. Drawer is below the Oven.

NOTE: The Cancel/Off pad does not turn off the Warming Drawer. To turn off, press the Warming Drawer pad.

13. Probe (on some models): Monitors internal food temperature and turns the oven off when the food reaches the programmed temperature. Insert the probe, program the cooking mode, and program the probe temperature. See the Cooking Modes section for more information. The probe can only be used with Bake and Convection Roast.

14. Remote Enable (on some models): Allows you to control your oven remotely. The oven must

be connected to WiFi before Remote Enable can be activated. For instructions on how to connect your oven, see the WiFi Connect section of this manual.

REMOTE STARTING YOUR OVEN  Remote

To be able to start the oven remotely, press the Remote Enable pad and the Remote LED will turn on in the display. The oven can now be remotely started with a connected device. This appliance is configurable to allow remote operation at any time.

Do not store any flammable materials or temperature sensitive items inside, on top or near the surface units of the appliance. The Remote LED must be lit to start the oven

remotely. The Remote LED is not required to change the oven settings or to turn the oven off.

After using the oven, remember to verify that the

Remote LED is lit if you wish to start the oven remotely in the future.

15. Chef Connect: This is a Bluetooth® pairing feature for use with other compatible Chef Connect enabled products like an over-the-range microwave oven or range hood. To pair those products to the range, press and hold the Chef Connect pad for 3 seconds and follow the corresponding instructions included with the mating Chef Connect enabled product if needed. The range will cancel pairing mode after two minutes if no mating device is detected.

Special Features

There are several different special features on your range.

- To enter the Special Features menu, press the Bake and Broil pads at the same time and hold for three seconds. "OFFSEt" will appear in the display.
- Scroll through Special Features menu using the 8 pad for down and the 3 pad for up.
- To select a feature to change, or to confirm a change, press the 0 pad.
- To cancel a change and return to the Special Features menu, press the 6 pad. To exit the Special Features menu, press the 6 pad again.

Adjust the Oven Temperature (OFFSEt)

This feature allows the oven baking and convection baking temperature to be adjusted up to 35°F hotter or down to 35°F cooler. Use this feature if you believe your oven temperature is too hot or too cold and wish to change it. This adjustment affects Bake and Convection Bake modes. No other cooking modes are affected.

Using the number pads to navigate as described above, select "OFFSEt". A number between positive and negative 35 will display. Use the 8 or 3 pads to increase or decrease the offset value. Save and confirm by pressing the 0 pad.

End of Timer Signals (End tonE)

This is the tone that signals the end of a timer. The tone can be continuous (Con bEEP) or one repeating beep (bEEP). A continuous setting will continue to sound a tone until a button on the control is pressed.

Fahrenheit or Celsius Temperature Display (dEg Unit)

The oven control is set to use Fahrenheit temperatures (F), but you can change it to use Celsius temperatures (C).

Clock Configuration (Cloc cFg)

This feature specifies how the time of day will be displayed. You can select a standard 12-hour clock (12 H) or 24-hour military time (24 H).

Clock Display (Cloc diSP)

This feature specifies whether the clock appears in the display. It may be On or Off.

Auto Recipe Conversion (Auto rEciPE)

When using Convection Bake cooking, Auto Recipe Conversion will automatically convert the regular baking temperatures entered to convection bake cooking temperatures when turned on. Note that this option does not convert convection bake cooking times, it only converts temperatures. This feature may be turned On or Off.

Sound Volume (Sound)

This feature allows the oven tone volume to be adjusted between high (Hi), medium (Reg), low (Lo), and off (Off). The control will sound the oven tone at the new volume level each time the sound level is changed.

12-hour Shutoff (2H ShutoFF)

This feature shuts the oven down after 12 hours of continuous operation. It may be enabled or disabled.

Sabbath Mode

The Sabbath mode feature complies with standards set forth by Star K. Some of these standards that will be noticed by the consumer include the disabling of tones, disabling of oven lights, and delays of about 30 seconds to one minute on display changes. Only continuous baking or timed baking is allowed in the Sabbath mode. Cooking in the Sabbath mode is a two-step process, first the Sabbath mode must be set and then the bake mode must be set.

Setting the Sabbath Mode

1. Press the Bake and Broil pads at the same time and hold until the special features menu is displayed.
2. Use the 3 or 8 number pads to scroll through the special features until "SAbbAth" is displayed and then press 0. Refer to the graphic in the Special Features section to see how the number keys are mapped.
3. Use the 3 or 8 number pads to scroll through the options until "On" is shown in the display, then press the 0 number pad to save the setting. Press 6 to exit the Special Features menu. A single bracket "]" will appear in the display

indicating that the Sabbath mode is set. The clock will not be displayed.
 Continuous bake or timed bake can now be programmed.

Starting a Continuous Bake

1. Press the Bake pad.
2. If the desired temperature is 350F, press Start. If a different cooking temperature is desired, use the 1 through 5 number pads or Timer pad to select a preset cooking temperature, then press Start. Refer to the graphic below to determine which pad sets the desired cooking temperature.

After a delay, a second bracket "]" [" will appear in the display indicating that the oven is baking.

Temperature (°F)					400
1	2	3	4	5	Timer
170	200	250	300	325	On/Off
6	7	8	9	0	Lock
2h	2.5h	3h	3.5h	4h	Controls
Time (hours)					Hold 3 Sec
					6h

1 = 170° F, 2 = 200° F, 3 = 250° F, 4 = 300° F, 5 = 325° F, Timer = 400° F 6 = 2 hours, 7 = 2.5 hours, 8 = 3 hours, 9 = 3.5 hours, 0 = 4 hours, Lock Controls = 6 hours

Adjusting the Temperature

1. Press Bake, use the 1 through 5 number pads and the Timer pad to select a different preset cooking temperature, and press Start.
2. Since no feedback is given during temperature change, an oven thermometer can be used to confirm temperature changes.

Starting a Timed Bake

1. Press the Bake pad.
2. If the desired temperature is 350F, use the 6 through 0 number pads or the Lock Control pad to select a cooking time. If a cooking temperature other than 350F is desired, use the 1 through 5 number pads or the Timer pad to select a preset cooking temperature, then select the cooking time. Refer to the graphic on this page to determine which pad sets the desired cooking temperature and cooking time.
3. Press Start.

After a delay, a second bracket "]" [" will appear in the display indicating that the oven is baking. When the cook time expires, the display will change back to a single bracket "]" indicating that the oven is no longer baking. No tone will sound when the cook time is complete.

Exit the Sabbath Mode

Exiting the Sabbath mode should be done after the Sabbath is over.

1. Press Cancel/Off to end any bake mode that may be running.
2. Press Bake and Broil pads at the same time and hold until the Special Features menu is displayed.
3. Use the 3 or 8 number pads to scroll through the special features until "SAbbAth" is displayed, then press 0.
4. Use the 3 or 8 number pads to scroll through the options until "OFF" is displayed and press 0 to save the setting. Press the 6 number pad to exit the Special Features menu.

Sabbath Mode Power Outage Note

If a power outage occurs while the oven is in Sabbath Mode, the unit will return to Sabbath Mode when power is restored, however the oven will return to the off state even if it was in the middle of a bake cycle when the power outage occurred.

Oven Racks

Recommended rack positions for various types of foods are provided in the Cooking Guide. Adjusting rack position is one way to impact cooking results. For example, if you would prefer darker tops on cakes, muffins, or cookies, try moving food one rack position higher. If you find foods are too brown on top try moving them down next time.

When baking with multiple pans and on multiple racks, ensure there is at least 1" between pans to allow sufficient space for air to flow.

Your Oven may have extension racks and/or traditional flat racks.

To avoid possible burns, place the racks in the desired position before you turn the oven on.

Extension Racks

Always pull the rack out by its upper front rail to its fully open position, when placing or removing cookware.

If extension racks are difficult to extend, lubricate the racks with the graphite lubricant provided with your oven. Remove the rack from the oven, remove debris in the side tracks with a paper towel, shake the graphite lubricant and place 4 small drops on the

two bottom tracks of the left and right sides. Open and close the rack several times to distribute the lubricant.

To order additional graphite lubricant, read the Assistance and Accessories section at the beginning of the manual.

To Remove An Extension Rack:

1. Make sure the rack is pushed all the way into the oven so that side paddles on the rack disengage from the oven support.
2. Slide the rack toward you to the bump (stop position) on the rack support.
3. Firmly grasp both sides of the rack frame and the sliding rack, tilt the front end up and pull it out.

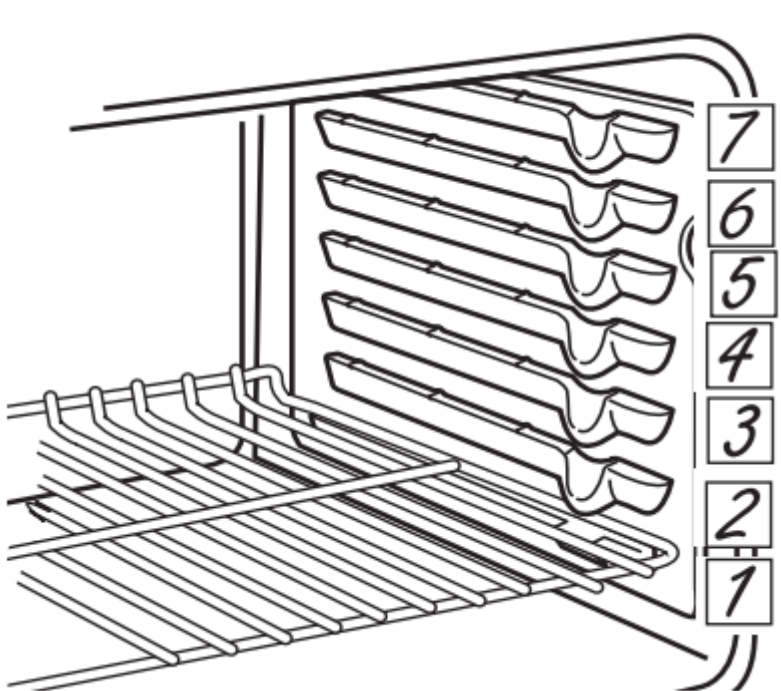
To Replace An Extension Rack:

1. Firmly grasp both sides of the rack frame and the sliding rack.
2. Place the curved end of the rack (stop-locks) onto the oven supports, tilt up the front of the rack and push it in as far as it will go.

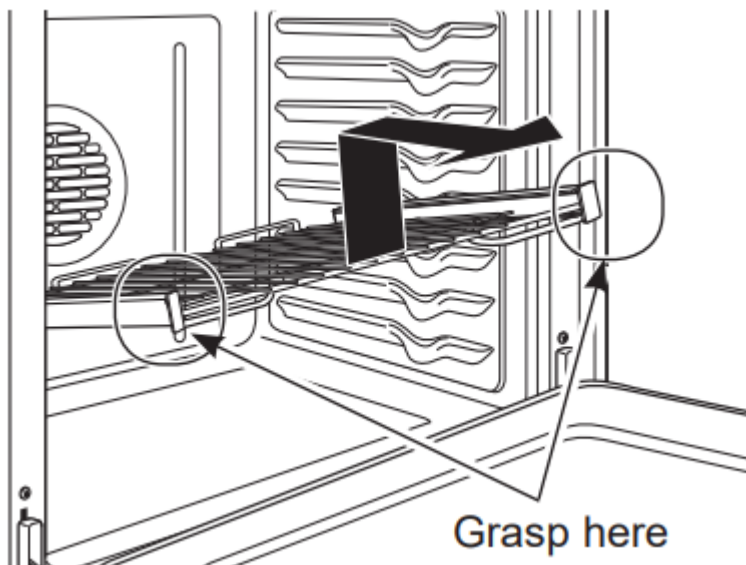
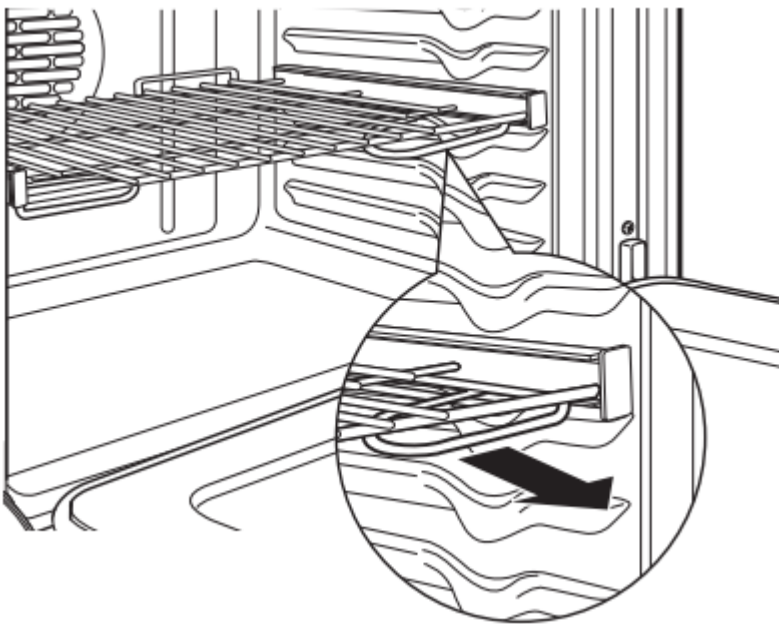
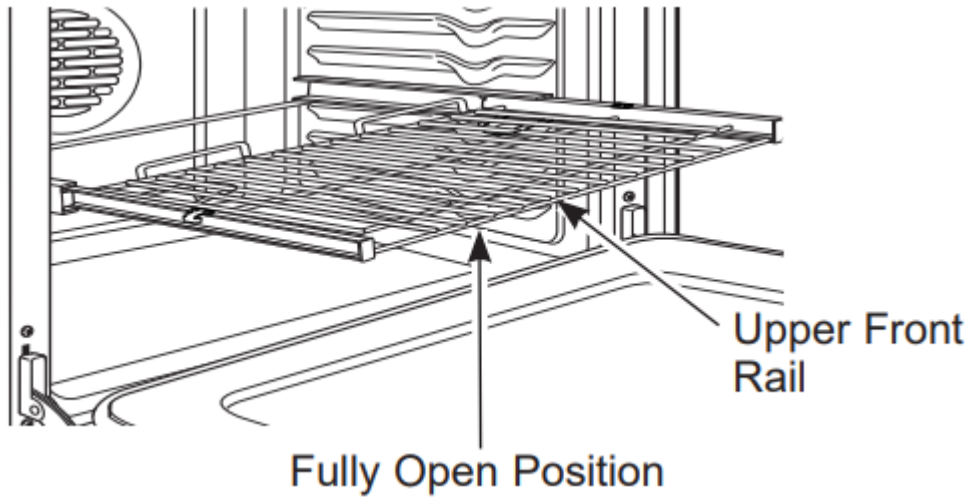
If extension racks are difficult to replace or remove, wipe the oven rack supports with cooking oil. Do not wipe oil on the rack slides.

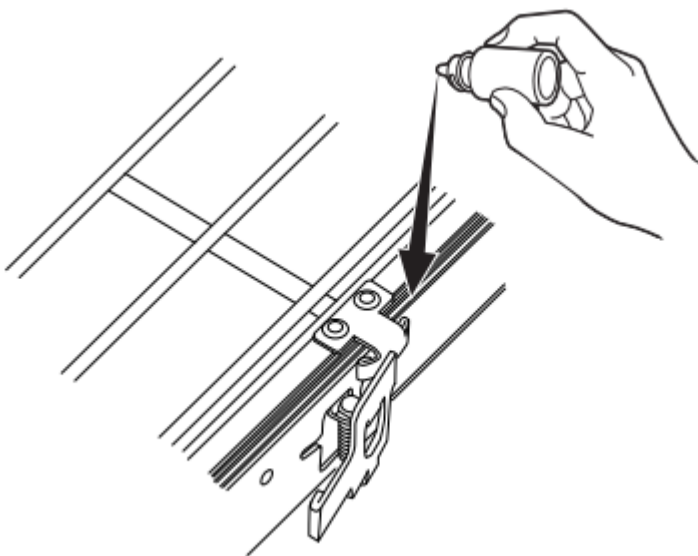
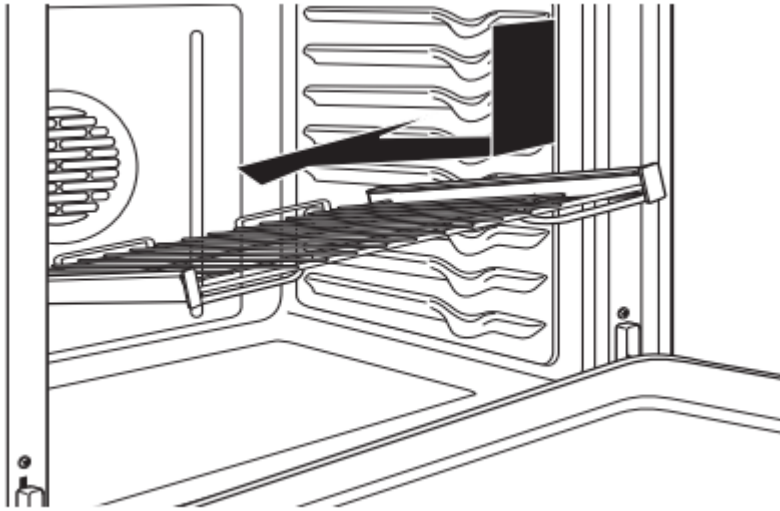
To Lubricate the Paddle:

Shake lubricant and apply to the moving parts of the paddle mechanisms as shown.



The number of rack positions may vary by model.





Aluminum Foil and Oven Liners

Cookware

Cookware Guidelines

The material, finish, and size of cookware affect baking performance.

Dark, coated and dull pans absorb heat more readily than light, shiny pans. Pans that absorb heat more readily can result in a browner, crisper, and thicker crust. If using dark and coated cookware check food earlier than minimum cook time. If undesirable results are obtained with this type of cookware consider reducing oven temperature by 25° F next time.

Shiny pans can produce more evenly cooked baked goods such as cakes and cookies.

Glass and ceramic pans heat slowly but retain heat well. These types of pans work well for dishes such as pies and custards.

Air insulated pans heat slowly and can reduce bottom browning.

Keep cookware clean to promote even heating.

Cooking Modes

Your new oven has a variety of cooking modes to help you get the best results. These modes are described below. Refer to the Cooking Guide section for recommendations for specific foods. Remember, your new oven may perform differently than the oven it is replacing.

Baking and Roasting Modes

Select a mode for baking and roasting based on the type and quantity of food you are preparing. When preparing baked goods such as cakes, cookies, and pastries always preheat the oven first. Follow recipe recommendations for food placement. If no guidelines are provided, center food in the oven.

Traditional Bake

The traditional bake mode is intended for single rack cooking. This mode uses heat primarily from the lower element but also from the upper element to cook food. To use this mode press the Bake pad, enter a temperature, and then press Start. Preheating is generally recommended when using this mode.

Convection Bake

The Convection Bake mode is intended for baking on multiple racks at the same time. This mode uses heat primarily from the rear element but also heat from the upper and lower elements, along with air movement from the convection fan to enhance cooking evenness. Your oven is equipped with Auto Recipe Conversion, so it is not necessary to convert the temperature when using this mode. Baking time might be slightly longer for multiple racks than what would be expected for a single rack. To use this mode press the Convection Bake pad, enter a temperature, and then press Start. Always preheat when using this mode.

Convection Roast

The Convection Roast mode is intended for roasting whole cuts of meat on a single rack. This mode uses heat from the lower, upper, and rear elements along with air movement from the convection fan to improve browning and reduce cooking time. It is not necessary to convert temperature. Check food earlier than the recipe suggested time when using this mode or use a meat probe. To use this mode press the Convection Roast pad, enter a temperature, and then press Start. It is not necessary to preheat when using this mode.

Broiling Modes

Monitor food closely while broiling. Use caution when broiling on upper rack positions as placing food closer to the broil element increases smoking, spattering, and the possibility of fats igniting. For best performance center food below the broil heating element.

Try broiling foods that you would normally grill. Adjust rack positions to adjust the intensity of the heat to the food. Place foods closer to the broil element when a seared surface and rare interior is desired. Thicker foods and foods that need to be cooked through should be broiled on a rack position farther from the broiler or by using Broil Lo.

Broil Hi

The Traditional Broil Hi mode uses intense heat from the upper element to sear foods. Use Broil Hi for thinner cuts of meat and/or foods you prefer less done on the interior. To use this mode press the Broil pad once and then press Start. It is not necessary to preheat when using this mode.

Broil Lo

The Traditional Broil Lo mode uses less intense heat from the upper element to cook food thoroughly while also producing surface browning. Use Broil Lo for thicker cuts of meat and/or foods that you would like cooked all the way through. To use this mode press the Broil pad twice and then press Start. It is not necessary to preheat when using this mode.

Warm

To use this mode, press the Warm pad then press Start. Cover foods that need to remain moist and do not cover foods that should be crisp. Preheating is not required.

Do not use warm to heat cold food other than crisping crackers, chips or dry cereal. It is also recommended that food not be kept warm for more than 2 hours.

Probe (on some models)

Internal food temperature is frequently used as an indicator of doneness, especially for roasts and poultry. The Probe mode monitors the internal food temperature and turns the oven off when the internal food temperature reaches the programmed temperature.

Minimum temperatures for food safety can be found at IsItDoneYet.gov. The temperature probe can only be used with Bake, Convection Bake, and Convection Roast modes.

To use the probe with preheating:

1. Press the desired cook mode (Bake, Convection Bake, or Convection Roast) pad and enter the desired cooking temperature.
2. Insert the probe into the food (see Proper Probe Placement Guidelines in this section).
3. Once the oven is preheated, place the food in the oven and connect the probe to the probe outlet, making sure it is fully inserted. Use caution, the oven walls and probe outlet are hot.
4. Program the probe temperature by pressing the Probe pad and entering the desired food temperature. The maximum internal food temperature that you can set is 200° F.

To use the probe without preheating:

1. Insert the probe into the food (see Proper Probe Placement Guidelines in this section).
2. Place the food in the oven and connect the probe into the probe outlet in the oven.
3. Program the desired probe and cooking mode settings by pressing the Probe pad and entering the desired food temperature, then pressing the cook mode pad (Bake, Convection Bake, or Convection Roast) and entering the desired cooking temperature.

Proper Probe Placement Guidelines

After preparing the meat and placing it on the cooking pan follow these guidelines for proper probe placement.

- Insert the probe completely into the meat, up to the handle, such that the point of the probe will rest in the center of the thickest part of the meat.
- The probe should not touch bone, fat or gristle.
- For whole poultry insert the probe into the thickest part of the breast.
- For boneless roasts, insert the probe into the center of the roast.
- For bone-in ham or lamb, insert the probe into the center of the lowest large muscle or joint.
- For casseroles or dishes such as meatloaf, insert the probe into the center of the dish.
- For fish, insert the probe from just above the gill into the meatiest area, parallel to the backbone.



Check the temperature at other locations in the food with a food thermometer once the probe temperature is reached to ensure that all portions of the food have reached desired temperatures.

Probe Care Guidelines

- Use of probes other than the one provided with this product may result in damage to the probe.
- Use the handles of the probe and plug when inserting and removing them from the meat and outlet
- To avoid damaging your probe, do not use tongs to pull on the cable when removing it.
- To avoid breaking the probe, make sure food is completely defrosted before inserting the probe.
- To prevent possible burns, do not unplug the probe from the outlet until the oven has cooled.
- Never leave the probe inside the oven during a self or steam-clean cycle.
- Do not store the probe in the oven.

Cooking Guide

FOOD TYPE	RECOMMENDED MODE(S)	RECOMMENDED RACK POSITION(S)	ADDITIONAL SUGGESTIONS
Baked Goods			
Layer Cakes, sheet cakes, bundt cakes, muffins, quick breads on a Single Rack	Bake	3	Use shiny cookware.
Layer cakes* on Multiple Racks	Bake Convection Bake	3 and 5	Ensure adequate airflow (see illustration below).
Chiffon cakes (angel food)	Bake	1	Use shiny cookware.
Cookies, biscuits, scones on a Single Rack	Bake	3	Use shiny cookware.
Cookies, biscuits, scones on Multiple Racks	Convection Bake	3 and 5 2, 4, and 6	Ensure adequate airflow.
Beef & Pork			
Hamburgers	Broil Hi	6	Use a broil pan; move food down for more doneness/less searing. Watch food closely when broiling. For best performance center food below the broil heating element.
Steaks & Chops	Broil Hi	6	Use a broil pan; move food down for more doneness/less searing. Watch food closely when broiling. For best performance center food below the broil heating element.
Roasts	Bake Convection Roast	3 or 4	Use a low sided pan such as a broil pan. Preheating is not necessary.



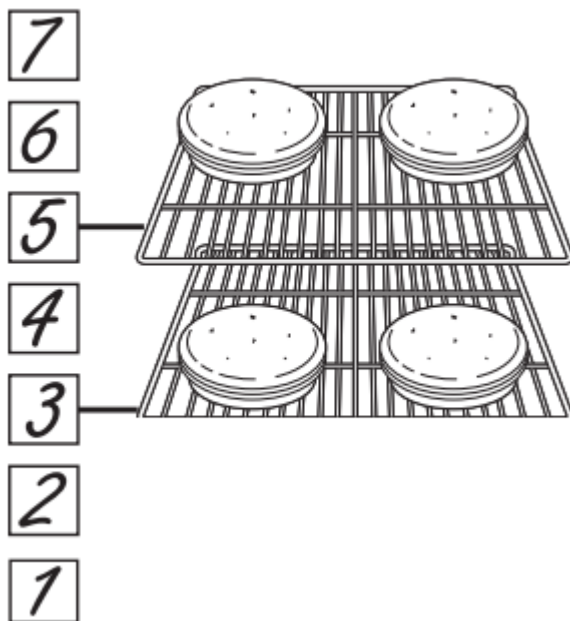
Poultry			
Whole chicken	Bake Convection Roast	3 or 4	Use a low sided pan such as a broil pan.
Bone-in chicken breasts, legs, thighs	Broil Hi	2	If breaded or coated in sauce avoid Broil Hi modes. Broil skin side down first. Watch food closely when broiling. For best performance when broiling, center food below the broil heating element.
	Broil Lo Bake	2 or 3	
Boneless chicken breasts	Broil Lo Bake	2 or 3	Move food down for more doneness/less searing and up for greater searing/browning when broiling. For best performance when broiling, center food below the broil heating element
Whole turkey	Bake Convection Roast	1 or 2	Use a low sided pan such as a broil pan.
Turkey Breast	Bake Convection Roast	2 or 3	Use a low sided pan such as a broil pan.
Fish	Broil Lo	6 (1/2 thick or less) 5 (>1/2 inch)	Watch food closely when broiling. For best performance center food below the broil heating element.
Casseroles	Bake	4	

Frozen Convenience Foods			
Pizza, potato products, chicken nuggets, appetizers on a Single Rack	Bake	4	Use shiny cookware.
Pizza, potato products, chicken nuggets, appetizers on Multiple Racks	Bake Convection Bake	3 and 5	Use shiny cookware.

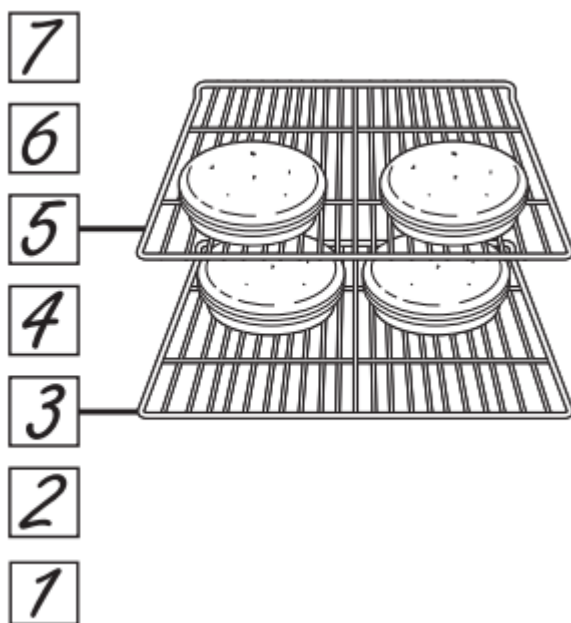
*When baking four cake layers at a time with traditional bake, use racks 3 and 5.

*When baking four cake layers at a time with convection bake, use racks 3 and 5.

Cook food thoroughly to help protect against food borne illness. Minimum safe food temperature recommendations for food safety can be found at IsItDoneYet.gov. Make sure to use a food thermometer to take food temperatures.



Rack position for Traditional Bake, cakes in front of rack 3 and back of rack 5



Rack position for Convection Bake, cakes in back of rack 3 and front of rack 5

Warming Drawer (on some models)

When Using the Warming Drawer

The warming drawer will keep hot, cooked foods warm. Always start with hot food. Do not use to heat cold food other than crisping crackers, chips or dry cereal.

Do not line the warming drawer or pan with aluminum foil. Foil is an excellent heat insulator and will trap heat beneath it. This will upset the performance of the drawer and could damage the interior finish.

Allow approximately 25 minutes for the warming drawer to preheat.

- Do not put liquid or water in the warming drawer.
- All foods placed in the warming drawer should be covered with a lid or aluminum foil. When warming pastries or breads, the cover should be vented to allow moisture to escape.
- Food should be kept hot in its cooking container or transferred to a heat-safe serving dish.
- Remove serving spoons, etc., before placing containers in warming drawer.

Temperature Selection Chart

Food Type	Control Setting
Casserole	MED/2
Chili	HI/3
Pizza	MED/2
Potatoes, baked	HI/3
Tortilla Chips	LO/1
Waffles	LO/1

To keep several different foods hot, set the control to the food needing the highest setting.

- The temperature, type and amount of food, and the time held will affect the quality of the food.
- Repeated opening of the drawer allows the hot air to escape and the food to cool.
- With large loads it may be necessary to use a higher warming drawer setting and cover some of the cooked food items.
- Do not use plastic containers or plastic wrap.

To Crisp Stale Items

- Place food in low-sided dishes or pans.
- Preheat on LO/1 setting.
- Check crispness after 45 minutes. Add time as needed.

To Warm Serving Bowls and Plates

To warm serving bowls and plates, set the control on LO/1.

- Use only heat-safe dishes.
- If you want to heat fine china, please check with the manufacturer of the dishes for their maximum heat tolerance.
- You may warm empty serving dishes while preheating the drawer

CARE AND CLEANING

Cleaning the Range – Exterior

Control Knobs

The control knobs may be removed for easier cleaning. Make sure the knobs are in the OFF positions and pull them straight off the stems for cleaning.

The knobs can be washed with soap and water. Make sure the inside of the knobs are dry before replacing. Replace the knobs, in the OFF position to ensure proper placement.

Control Lockout

If desired, the touch pads may be deactivated before cleaning.

See Lock Controls in the Oven Controls section in this manual.

Clean up splatters with a damp cloth.

You may also use a glass cleaner.

Remove heavier soil with warm, soapy water. Do not use abrasives of any kind.

Reactivate the touch pads after cleaning.

Control Panel

It's a good idea to wipe the control panel after each use. Clean with mild soap and water or vinegar and water, rinse with clean water and polish dry with a soft cloth.

Do not use abrasive cleansers, strong liquid cleansers, plastic scouring pads or oven cleaners on the control panel—they will damage the finish.

Oven Exterior

Do not use oven cleaners, abrasive cleansers, strong liquid cleansers, steel wool, plastic scouring pads, or cleaning powders on the interior or exterior of the oven. Clean with a mild soap and water or vinegar and water solution. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth. When cleaning surfaces, make sure that they are at room temperature and not in direct sunlight.

If stain on the door vent trim is persistent, use a mild abrasive cleaner and a sponge-scrubber for best results. Spillage of marinades, fruit juices, tomato sauces and basting liquids containing acids may cause discoloration and should be wiped up immediately. Let hot surfaces cool, then clean and rinse.

Painted Surfaces

Painted surfaces include the sides of the range and the door, top of control panel and the drawer front. Clean these with soap and water or a vinegar and water solution.

Do not use commercial oven cleaners, cleaning powders, steel wool or harsh abrasives on any painted surface.

Stainless Steel Surfaces (on some models)

Do not use a steel wool pad; it will scratch the surface. To clean the stainless steel surface, use warm sudsy water or a stainless steel cleaner or polish. Always wipe the surface in the direction of the grain. Follow the cleaner stainless steel appliance cleaner or polish read the instructions for cleaning the stainless steel surface.

Cleaners with oxalic acid such as Bar Keepers Friend Soft

Cleanser™ will remove surface rust, tarnish and small blemishes. Use only a liquid cleanser free of grit and rub in the direction of the brush lines with a damp, soft sponge.

To inquire about purchasing cleaning products including the surface in the direction of the grain. Assistance and Accessories sections at the beginning of Cleaners with oxalic acid such as Bar Keepers Friend Soft this manual.

Porcelain Enamel Cooktop (on some models)

The porcelain enamel finish is sturdy but breakable if misused. This finish is acid-resistant. However, any acidic foods spilled (such as fruit juices, tomato or vinegar) should not be permitted to remain on the finish.

If acids spill on the cooktop while it is hot, use a dry paper towel or cloth to wipe it up right away. When the surface has cooled, wash with soap and water. Rinse well.

For other spills such as fat splatterings, wash with soap and water or cleansing powders after the surface has cooled. Rinse well. Polish with a dry cloth.

Cleaning the Range – Interior

Manual Cleaning

Do not use oven cleaners, abrasive cleaners, strong liquid cleansers, steel wool, scouring pads, or cleaning powders on the interior of the oven. Clean with a mild soap and water or vinegar and water solution. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth. When cleaning surfaces, make sure that they are at room temperature.

Steam Clean Mode

Steam clean is intended to clean small spills using water and a lower cleaning temperature than Self-Clean. To use the Steam Clean feature, wipe grease and soils from the oven. Pour one cup of water into the bottom of the oven. Close the door. Press the Steam Clean pad and then press Start. The oven door will lock. You can not open the door during the 30 minute steam clean as this will decrease the steam clean performance. At the end of the steam clean cycle the door will unlock. Wipe out any excess water and any remaining soil.

Self Clean Mode

Read Self-Cleaning Oven Safety Instructions at the beginning of this manual before using Self Clean Mode. Self clean uses very high temperatures to clean the oven

interior. The oven door will lock when using this feature. Before operating the self-clean cycle, wipe up grease and soils from the oven. Remove all items from the oven other than enameled (dark color) racks. Shiny or silver racks, the meat probe, and any cookware or other items should all be removed from the oven before initiating a self-clean cycle. Close the door. Press the Self Clean pad and a default self-clean time is displayed. The clean time can be changed to any time between 3:00 and 5:00 hours by using the number pads to enter a different time and pressing Start. For heavily soiled ovens, the maximum 5 hour clean time is recommended. If you wish to use the default time, press the Start pad immediately after pressing the Clean pad. The oven will turn off automatically when the self-clean cycle is complete. The door will stay locked until the oven has cooled down. After the oven has cooled down wipe any ash out of the oven. We recommend venting your kitchen with an open window or using a ventilation fan or hood during the first self-clean cycle.

Soil on the front frame of the range and outside the gasket on the door will need to be cleaned by hand. Clean these areas with hot water, soap-filled steel-wool pads or cleansers such as Soft Scrub®. Rinse well with clean water and dry.

Do not clean the gasket. The fiberglass material of the oven door gasket cannot withstand abrasion. It is essential for the gasket to remain intact. If you notice it becoming worn or frayed, replace it.

Make sure the oven light bulb cover is in place and the oven light is off.

IMPORTANT: The health of some birds is extremely sensitive to the fumes given off during the self-cleaning cycle of any range. Move birds to another well-ventilated room.

On Some Models:

The surface units are automatically disabled during the self-clean cycle. Make sure that all surface unit controls are turned off at all times during the self-clean cycle.

Any surface unit that is set to an “on” position while the self-clean cycle is operating will automatically come on after the self-clean cycle is finished, and could result in an “on” unattended surface unit. Wait until the self-clean cycle is finished to set and use the surface units.

Racks

All racks can be washed with warm, soapy water. Enameled (not shiny) racks can be left in the cavity during self clean.

Racks may be more difficult to slide, especially after a self-clean. Put some vegetable oil on a soft cloth or paper towel and rub onto the left and right edges.

Oven Heating Elements

Do not clean the broil element. Any soil will burn off when the elements are heated.

The bake element is not exposed and is under the oven floor. Clean the oven floor with warm, soapy water.



Wipe up heavy soil on the oven bottom.

Cleaning the Glass Cooktop

Normal Daily Use Cleaning

ONLY use CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner on the glass cooktop. Other creams may not be as effective.

To maintain and protect the surface of your glass cooktop, follow these steps:

1. Before using the cooktop for the first time, clean it with CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner. This helps protect the top and makes cleanup easier.
2. Daily use of CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner will help keep the cooktop looking new.
3. Shake the cleaning cream well. Apply a few drops of CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner directly to the cooktop.
4. Use a paper towel or CERAMA BRYTE® Cleaning Pad for Ceramic Cooktops to clean the entire cooktop surface.
5. Use a dry cloth or paper towel to remove all cleaning residue. No need to rinse.

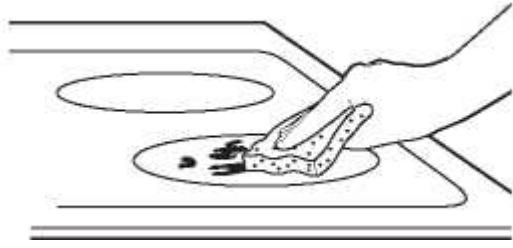


Clean your cooktop after each spill. Use CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner.

Burned-On Residue

NOTE: DAMAGE to your glass surface may occur if you use scrub pads other than those recommended.

1. Allow the cooktop to cool.
2. Spread a few drops of CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner on the entire burned residue area.
3. Using the included CERAMA BRYTE® Cleaning Pad for Ceramic Cooktops, rub the residue area, applying pressure as needed.
4. If any residue remains, repeat the steps listed above as needed.
5. For additional protection, after all residue has been removed, polish the entire surface with CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner and a paper towel.



Use a CERAMA BRYTE® Cleaning Pad for Ceramic Cooktops.

Heavy, Burned-On Residue

1. Allow the cooktop to cool.
2. Use a single-edge razor blade scraper at approximately a 45° angle against the glass surface and scrape the soil. It will be necessary to apply pressure to the razor scraper in order to remove the residue.
3. After scraping with the razor scraper, spread a few drops of CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner on the entire burned residue area. Use the CERAMA BRYTE® Cleaning Pad to remove any remaining residue.
4. For additional protection, after all residue has been removed, polish the entire surface with CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner and a paper towel.



The CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Scraper and all recommended supplies are available through our Parts Center. See instructions under “Assistance / Accessories” section.

Metal Marks and Scratches

1. Be careful not to slide pots and pans across your cooktop. It will leave metal markings on the cooktop surface.

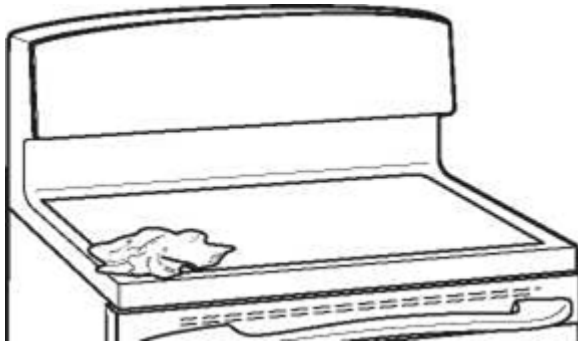
These marks are removable using the CERAMA BRYTE® Ceramic Cooktop Cleaner with the CERAMA BRYTE® Cleaning Pad for Ceramic Cooktops.

2. If pots with a thin overlay of aluminum or copper are allowed to boil dry, the overlay may leave black discoloration on the cooktop.

This should be removed immediately before heating again or the discoloration may be permanent.

Cooktop Seal

To clean the cooktop seal around the edges of the glass, lay a wet cloth on it for a few minutes, then wipe clean with nonabrasive cleaners.



Damage from Sugary Spills and Melted Plastic

Special care should be taken when removing hot substances to avoid permanent damage of the glass surface. Sugary spillovers (such as jellies, fudge, candy, syrups) or melted plastics can cause pitting of the surface of your cooktop (not covered by the warranty) unless the spill is removed while still hot. Special care should be taken when removing hot substances.

Be sure to use a new, sharp razor scraper.

Do not use a dull or nicked blade.

1. Turn off all surface units. Remove hot pans.
2. Wearing an oven mitt:
 - a. Use a single-edge razor blade scraper to move the spill to a cool area on the cooktop.
 - b. Remove the spill with paper towels.
3. Any remaining spillover should be left until the surface of the cooktop has cooled.
4. Don't use the surface units again until all of the residue has been completely removed.

NOTE: If pitting or indentation in the glass surface has already occurred, the cooktop glass will have to be replaced. In this case, service will be necessary.

Oven Light

Oven Light Replacement

To remove:

1. Turn the glass cover counterclockwise 1/4 turn until the tabs of the glass cover clear the grooves of the socket. Wearing latex gloves may offer a better grip.

2. Using gloves or a dry cloth, remove the bulb by pulling it straight out.

To replace:

1. Use a new 120/130-volt halogen bulb, not to exceed 50 watts. Replace the bulb with the same type of bulb that was removed. Be sure the replacement bulb is rated 120 volts or 130 volts (NOT 12 volts).

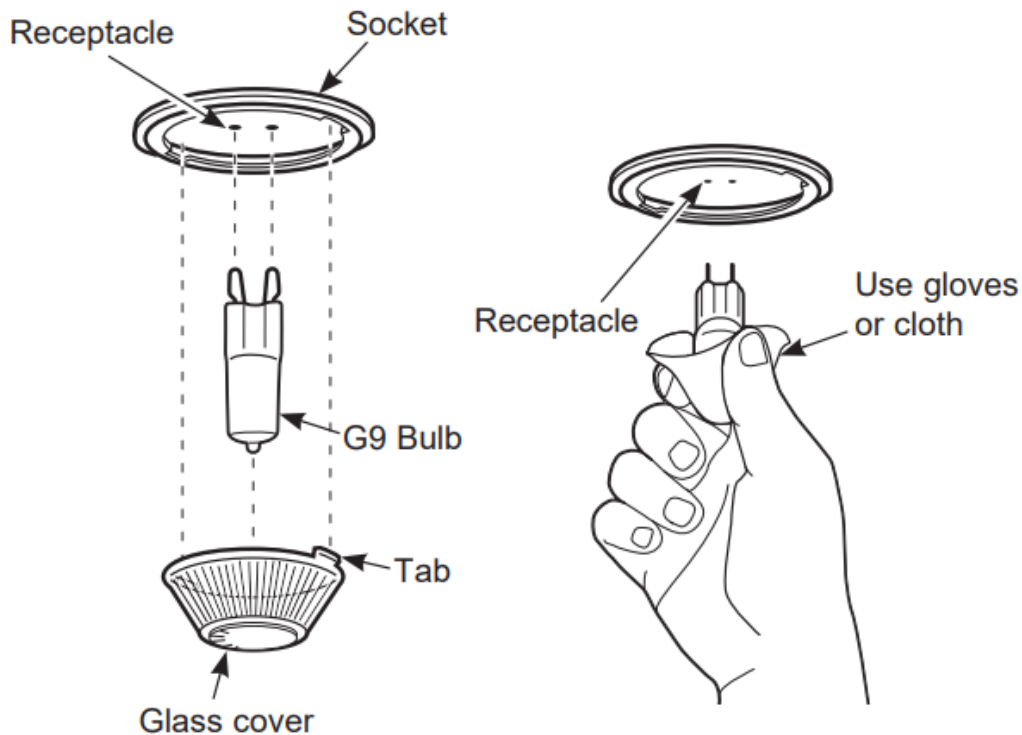
2. Using gloves or a dry cloth, remove the bulb from its packaging. Do not touch the bulb with bare fingers.

Oil from skin will damage the bulb and shorten its life.

3. Push the bulb straight into the receptacle all the way.

4. Place the tabs of the glass cover into the grooves of the socket. Turn the glass cover clockwise 1/4 turn. For improved lighting inside the oven, clean the glass cover frequently using a wet cloth. This should be done when the oven is completely cool.

5. Reconnect electrical power to the oven.



Oven Door

The door is very heavy. Be careful when removing and lifting the door

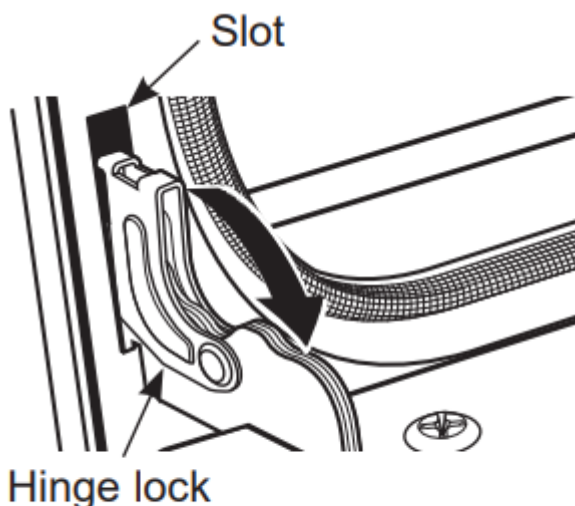
Do not lift the door by the handle.

To remove the door:

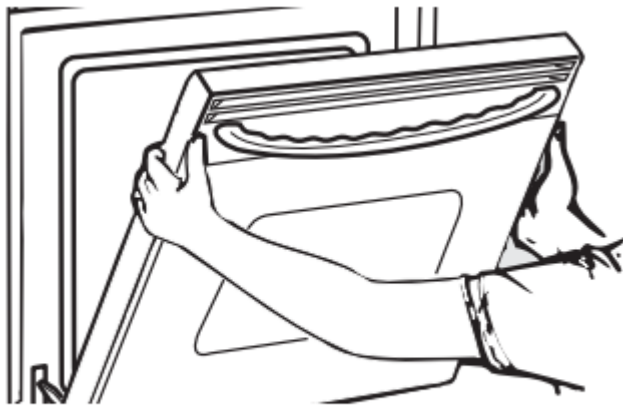
1. Fully open the door.
2. Pull the hinge locks down toward the door frame, to the unlocked position. A tool, such as a small flat-blade screwdriver, may be required.
3. Firmly grasp both sides of the door at the top.
4. Close door to the door removal position. The door should be open approximately 3" with no obstruction above the door.
5. Lift door up and out until both hinge arms are clear of the slots.

To replace the door:

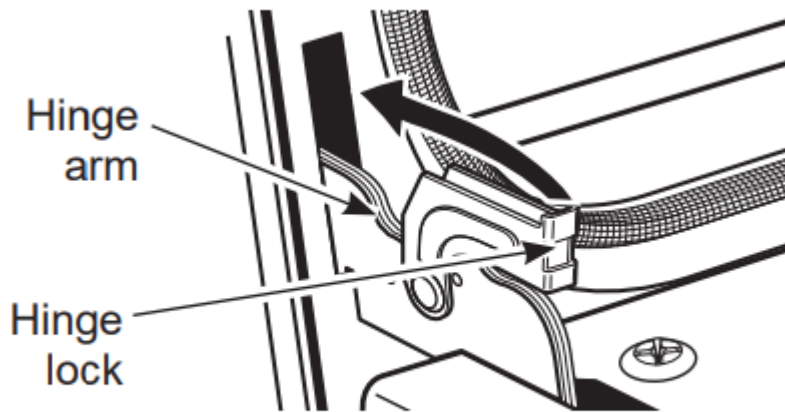
1. Firmly grasp both sides of the door at the top.
2. Starting on the left side, with the door at the same angle as the removal position, seat the indentation of the hinge arm into the bottom edge of the hinge slot. The notch in the hinge arm must be fully seated into the bottom of the slot. Repeat for right side.
3. Fully open the door. If the door will not fully open, the indentation is not seated correctly in the bottom edge of the slot.
4. Push the hinge locks up against the front frame of the oven cavity, to the locked position.
5. Close the oven door.



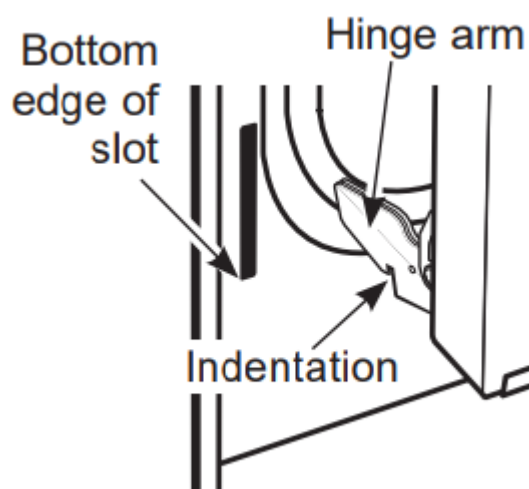
Pull hinge locks down to unlock



Removal position



Push hinge locks up to lock



Storage Drawer (on some models)

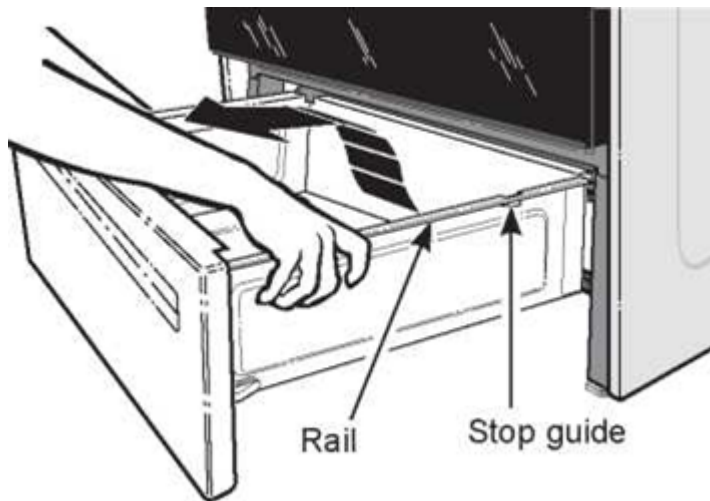
To remove the drawer:



1. Pull the drawer out until it stops.
2. Lift the front of the drawer until the stops clear the guides.
3. Remove the drawer.

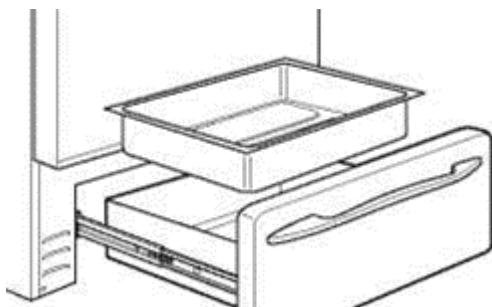
To replace the drawer:

1. Place the drawer rails on the guides.
2. Push the drawer back until it stops.
3. Lift the front of the drawer and push back until the stops clear the guides.
4. Lower the front of the drawer and push back until it closes



Removable Warming Drawer Pan (on some models)

- Never place, use or self-clean the drawer pan in the upper oven.
- Warming drawer has a removable pan for easy cleaning. Clean with hot, soapy water and a sponge or dish towel. Dry with a clean cloth. Replace the pan in the warming drawer.

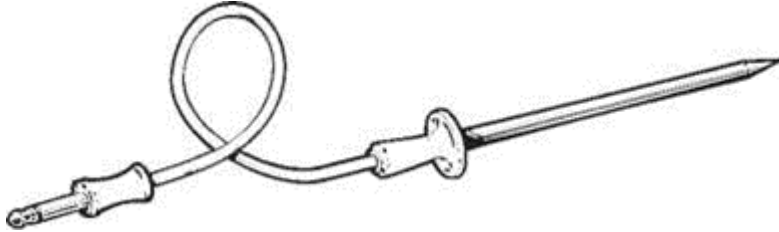


Probe (on some models)

The temperature probe may be cleaned with soap and water or a soap-filled scouring pad. Cool the temperature probe before cleaning. Scour stubborn spots with a soap-filled scouring pad, rinse and dry.

To order additional temperature probes read the Assistance and Accessories sections at the beginning of this manual.

- Do not immerse the temperature probe in water.
- Do not store the temperature probe in the oven.
- Do not leave the temperature probe inside the oven during a self or steam clean cycle.



TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS.



Problem	Possible Cause	What To Do
Surface units will not maintain a rolling boil or cooking is not fast enough	Improper cookware being used.	Use pans which are flat and match the surface unit selected.
	In some areas, the power (voltage) may be low.	Cover pan with a lid until desired heat
Surface units do not work properly	A fuse in your home may be blown or the circuit breaker tripped.	Replace the fuse or reset the circuit br
	Cooktop controls improperly set.	Check to see the correct control is set unit you are using.
Surface unit stops glowing when turned to a lower setting	The unit is still on and hot.	This is normal.
Scratches (may appear as cracks) on cooktop glass surface	Incorrect cleaning methods being used.	Scratches are not removable. Tiny scr become less visible in time as a result
	Cookware with rough bottoms being used or coarse particles (salt or sand) were between the cookware and the surface of the cooktop. Cookware has been slid across the cooktop surface.	To avoid scratches, use the recommen procedures. Make sure bottoms of coo before use, and use cookware with sm
Areas of discoloration on the cooktop	Food spillovers not cleaned before next use.	See the Cleaning the glass cooktop se
	Hot surface on a model with a light-colored cooktop.	This is normal. The surface may appe when it is hot. This is temporary and w the glass cools.



Plastic melted to the surface	Hot cooktop came into contact with plastic placed on the hot cooktop.	See the Glass surface—potential for p damage section in the Cleaning the gl section.
Pitting (or indentation) of the cooktop	Hot sugar mixture spilled on the cooktop.	Call a qualified technician for replacem
Frequent cycling off and on of surface units	Improper cookware being used.	Use only flat cookware to minimize cy
My new oven doesn't cook like my old one. Is something wrong with the temperature settings?	Your new oven has a different cooking system from your old oven and therefore may cook differently than your old oven.	For the first few uses, follow your recip temperatures carefully. If you still think is too hot or too cold, you can adjust th yourself to meet your specific cooking the Special Features section. NOTE: T affects Bake, and Convection Bake te will not affect Convection Roast, Broil
Food does not bake properly	Oven controls improperly set.	See the Cooking Modes section.
	Rack position is incorrect or rack is not level.	See the Cooking Modes section and C
	Incorrect cookware or cookware of improper size being used.	See the Cookware section.
	Oven temperature needs adjustment.	See the Special Features section.
	Ingredient substitution	Substituting ingredients can change th outcome.
Food does not broil properly	Oven controls improperly set.	Make sure you select the appropriate
	Improper rack position being used.	See Cooking Guide for rack location s



	Food being cooked in a hot pan.	Make sure cookware is cool.
	Cookware not suited for broiling.	Use a pan specifically designed for broiling.
	Aluminum foil used on the broiling pan and grid has not been fitted properly and slit as recommended.	If using aluminum foil conform to pan's instructions.
	In some areas the power (voltage) may be low.	Preheat the broil element for 10 minutes.
Oven temperature too hot or too cold	Oven temperature needs adjustment.	See the Special Features section.
Oven does not work or appears not to work	A fuse in your home may be blown or the circuit breaker tripped.	Replace the fuse or reset the circuit breaker.
	Oven controls improperly set.	See the Using the Oven section.
	Oven is in Sabbath Mode.	Verify, that the oven is not in Sabbath Mode. See the Special Features section.
"Crackling" or "popping" sound	This is the sound of the metal heating and cooling during both the cooking and cleaning functions.	This is normal.
Why is my range making a "clicking" noise when using my oven?	Your range cycles the heating elements by turning relays on and off to maintain the oven temperature.	This is normal.
Clock and timer do not work	A fuse in your home may be blown or the circuit breaker tripped.	Replace the fuse or reset the circuit breaker.
	Plug on range is not completely inserted in the electrical outlet.	Make sure electrical plug is plugged in properly grounded outlet.



	Oven controls improperly set.	See the Using the kitchen timer section.
Storage drawer won't close	Power cord may be obstructing drawer in the lower back of the range.	Reposition the drawer and power cord. See the Storage Drawer Removal instructions in the Care and Cleaning section.
	Rear drawer support is on top of the guide rail.	Reposition the drawer. See the Storage Drawer Removal instructions in the Care and Cleaning section.
Oven door is crooked	The door is out of position.	Because the oven door is removable, it can get out of position during installation. To correct the door, re-install the door. See the "Reinstalling the Door" instructions in the "Care and Cleaning" section.
Oven will not work remotely	Router issues, no wireless signal, etc.	For assistance with oven wireless network connectivity, please call 800.220.6899.
	Oven is not connected.	
Oven light stays on while cooking	Preheat Notification Lighting feature enabled	Reference the Special Features section to disable this feature.
Oven light does not work	Light bulb is loose or defective.	Tighten or replace bulb.
	Pad operating light is broken.	Call for service.
Oven will not self-clean	The temperature is too high to set a self-clean operation.	Allow the oven to cool and reset the controls.
	Oven controls improperly set.	See the Cleaning the Oven section.
Excessive smoking during clean cycle	Excessive soil or grease.	Press the Cancel/Off pad. Open the window to remove room of smoke. Wait until the LOCKED indicator goes off. Wipe up the excess soil and reset the controls.



Excessive smoking during broiling	Food too close to burner element.	Lower the rack position of the food.
Oven door will not open after a clean cycle	Oven too hot.	Allow the oven to cool below locking temperature.
Oven not clean after a clean cycle	Oven controls improperly set.	See the Cleaning the Oven section.
	Oven was heavily soiled.	Clean up heavy spillovers before starting the next clean cycle. Heavily soiled ovens may need to be cleaned again or for a longer period of time.
DOOR LOCK A flashes in the display	The self-clean cycle has been selected but the door is not closed.	Close the oven door.
DOOR LOCK i light is on when you want to cook	The oven door is locked because the temperature inside the oven has not dropped below the locking temperature.	Press the Cancel/Off pad. Allow the oven to cool.
“F— and a number or letter” flash in the display	You have a function error code.	Press the Cancel/Off pad. Allow the oven to cool for one hour. Put the oven back into operation.
	If the function code repeats.	Disconnect all power to the oven for a few minutes, wait 30 seconds and then reconnect power. If the error code repeats, call for service.
Display goes blank	A fuse in your home may be blown or the circuit breaker tripped.	Replace the fuse or reset the circuit breaker.
	The clock is turned off.	See the Special features section.
	Oven is in Sabbath Mode.	Verify that the oven is not in Sabbath Mode. See the Special Features section.



Power outage, clock flashes	Power outage or surge	Reset the clock. If the oven was in use, it by pressing the Cancel/Off pad, setting the clock, and resetting any cooking function.
"Burning" or "oily" odor emitting from the vent	This is normal in a new oven and will disappear in time.	To speed the process, set a self-clean cycle for a minimum of 3 hours. See the Cleaning section.
Strong odor	An odor from the insulation around the inside of the oven is normal for the first few times the oven is used.	This is temporary and will go away after a few days or a self-clean cycle.
Fan noise (on some models)	A convection fan may automatically turn on and off.	This is normal. The fan is designed to operate intermittently to maximize cooking evenness. The convection fan will operate during preheat and the cook cycle. The fan will turn off after the oven reaches the set temperature. This is normal.
	A cooling fan may automatically turn on and off.	This is normal on some models. The cooling fan will turn off and on to cool internal parts. It will turn off when the oven is turned off.
My oven door glass appears to be "tinted" or have a "rainbow" color. Is this defective?	No. The inner oven glass is coated with a heat barrier to reflect the heat back into the oven to prevent heat loss and keep the outer door cool while baking.	This is normal. Under certain light or angles, you may see this tint or rainbow color.
Sometimes the oven takes longer to preheat to the same temperature	Cookware or food in oven.	The cookware or food in the oven will cause the oven to take longer to preheat. Remove items before preheat time.
	Number of racks in oven.	Adding more racks to the oven will cause the oven to take longer to preheat. Remove some racks.
	Different cooking modes.	The different cooking modes use different methods to heat the oven for the specified time.



		mode. Some modes will take longer than (convection bake).
Display flashes	Power failure.	Reset the clock.
Unable to get the display to show "SF"	Oven control pads were not touched properly.	The BROIL HI/LO and BAKE pads must be touched at the same time and held for 3 seconds.
Control signals after entering cooking time or start time	You forgot to enter a bake temperature or cleaning time.	Touch the BAKE pad and desired temperature. Touch the SELF CLEAN pad and desired clean time.
Oven racks are difficult to slide	The shiny, silver-colored racks were cleaned in a self-clean cycle.	Apply a small amount of vegetable oil to the racks and wipe the edges of the oven racks with a damp towel. Do not spray with Pam® or other cooking sprays.
Drawer does not slide smoothly or drags	The drawer is out of alignment.	Fully extend the drawer and push it all the way in. See the Care and cleaning of the range section.
	Drawer is over-loaded or load is unbalanced.	Reduce weight. Redistribute drawer contents.
Steam from the vent	When using the ovens, it is normal to see steam coming out of the oven vents. As the number of racks or amount of food being cooked increases, the amount of visible steam will increase.	This is normal.
Warming drawer will not work	A fuse in your home may be blown or the circuit breaker tripped.	Replace the fuse or reset the circuit breaker.
	Controls improperly set.	See the Using the warming drawer section.
Excessive condensation in the drawer	Liquid in drawer.	Remove liquid.



	Uncovered foods.	Cover food with lid or aluminum foil.
	Temperature setting too high.	Reduce temperature setting.
Food dries out in the warming drawer	Moisture escaping.	Cover food with lid or aluminum foil.
	Drawer not fully closed.	Push drawer in until latch engages.
Water remaining on oven floor after Steam Clean cycle	This is normal.	Remove any remaining water with a damp sponge.
Oven will not steam clean	Display flashes HOT.	Allow the oven to cool to room temperature before using the controls.
	Oven controls improperly set.	See the Using Steam Clean section.
	Oven door is not closed.	Make sure you close the door to start the cycle.
Oven will not work remotely (on some models)	Router issues, no wireless signal, etc.	For assistance with oven wireless network connectivity, please call 800.220.6899.
	Oven is not connected.	

Warning

This content is compiled from multiple sources and is provided for reference purposes only. It may not be complete or fully applicable to all situations. If you are unable to resolve your issue, please contact the product manufacturer or an authorized service provider for official support.