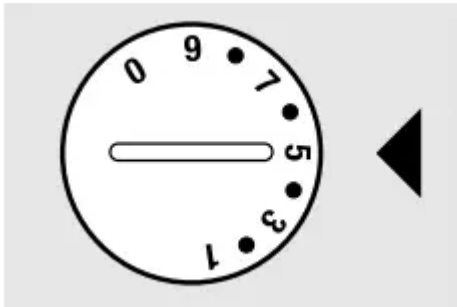


Operating Instructions

About the temperature control dial

Turning the dial to 0 stops cooling in both compartments—fresh food and freezer. It does not shut off power to the refrigerator



Control Settings

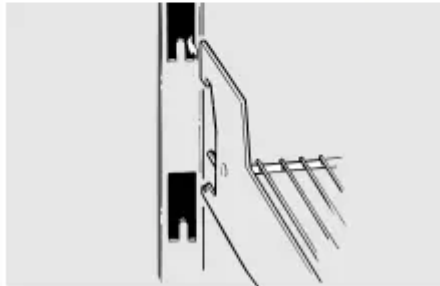
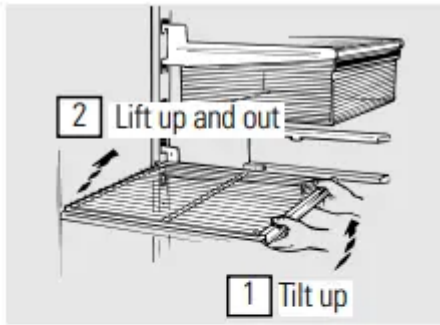
Temperature Control Dial

The temperature control dial has nine settings plus 0. 1 is the warmest. 9 is the coldest. At first, set the dial at 5. After using the refrigerator, adjust the dial if necessary. Insert a coin into the slot in the middle of the dial and you can turn the dial to the setting that's best suited to your needs. Allow 24 hours for the refrigerator to get cold

About the fresh food compartment shelves

Half-Width Shelves

One end of the shelf rests on a molded side-wall support; a bracket on the other end hooks into a track on the rear cabinet wall.

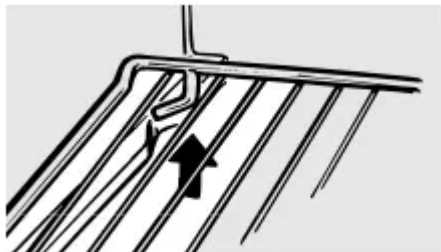


To remove, lift the shelf up at front, then off the support and out of the track.

To replace, select desired shelf height. With shelf front raised slightly, hook the bracket's top lug into the track, then lower the shelf onto the support.

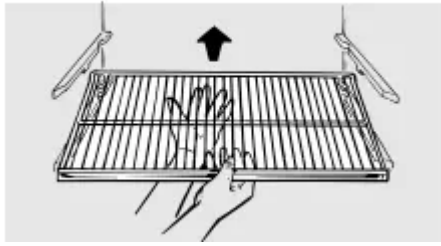
NOTE: The shelf to the right of the track is designed to hook into the right-hand slot; the shelf to the left is designed to hook into the left-hand slot.

Full-Width Shelves

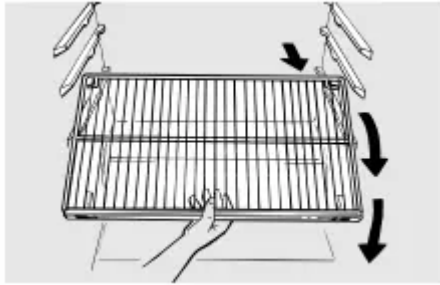


Some models have a steel wire sliding shelf, a stationary tempered glass shelf or two steel wire stationary shelves. These shelves can be moved to another place in the fresh food compartment.

The full-width sliding shelf has stop-locks. When placed correctly on the shelf supports, the shelf will stop before coming completely out of the refrigerator and will not tilt when you place food on it or remove food from it.



To remove the full-width shelves, lift the rear of the shelf and pull forward.

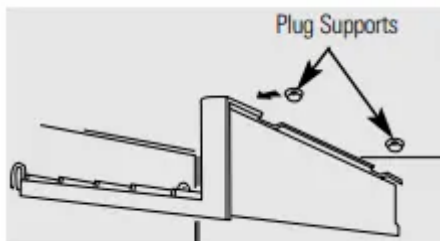


To remove a full-width shelf when the fresh food compartment door cannot be opened fully, lift the rear of the shelf, pull forward and down, tilt the shelf and take it out

About the freezer compartment shelves.

Some models have an ice-tray shelf and some have a full-width step shelf.

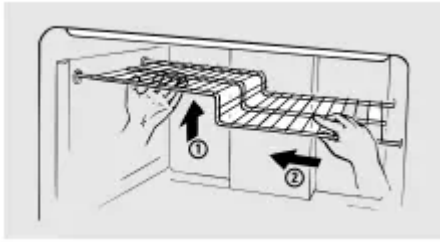
Ice-Tray Shelf



To remove the ice-tray shelf, lift the left side of the shelf off its supports, then pull the shelf to the left to free it of the plug supports. Pull the shelf to the right to free the pins from the holes in the cabinet wall.

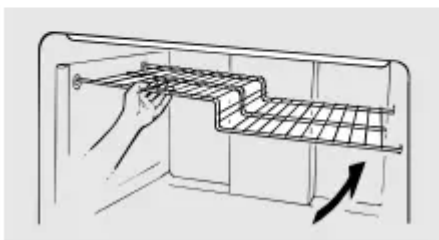
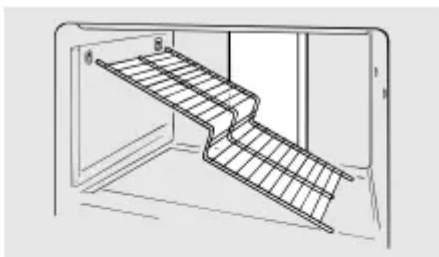
Step Shelf

To remove the step shelf:



1. Lift left side of shelf slightly.
2. Move shelf to the left to free its right ends from holes in the cabinet wall.
3. Lower right side of shelf, move shelf to the right and take it out.

To replace the step shelf:

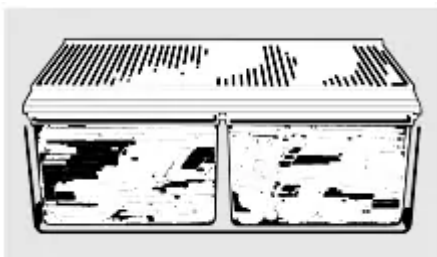


1. With shelf tilted as shown, fit left ends of shelf into holes in cabinet wall.
2. Lift left side of shelf slightly, swing shelf up, fit right ends of shelf into holes in cabinet wall, and lower shelf into place

About storage drawer and cover removal.

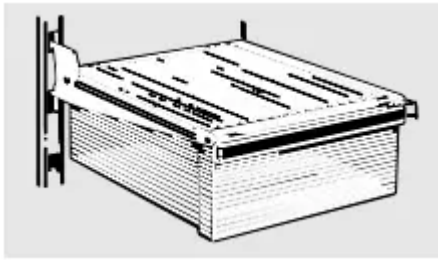
Not all features are on all models.

Fruit and Vegetable Drawers



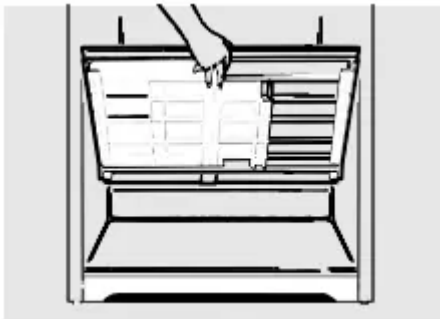
Excess water that may accumulate in the bottom of the drawers should be emptied and the drawers wiped dry.

Snacks Drawer



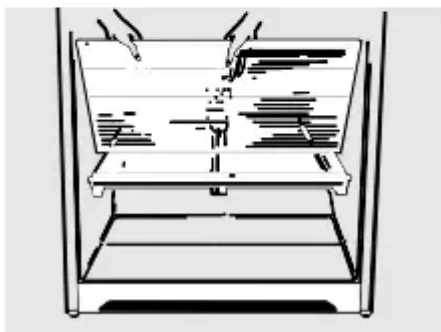
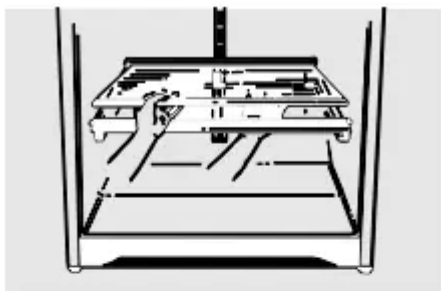
The snacks drawer can be moved to the most useful location for your family's needs.

Full-Width Drawer with Plastic Cover



To remove the cover, lift it off its supports, pull it forward, tilt it and take it out.

Twin Drawers with Glass Cover



To remove:

1. Remove the drawers.
2. Reach in, push the front of glass cover up, and at the same time, pull it forward as far as it will come. Tilt it and take it out. Avoid cleaning the cold glass cover with hot water because the extreme temperature difference may cause it to break.
3. Remove the drawer frame. (Always remove the glass cover before you take out the drawer frame.)

Lift the frame off the supports at each side and back, pull it forward, tilt it and take it out.

To replace:

1. Lower the frame until it rests on the supports at each side and back.
2. Replace the glass cover, pushing its rear edge firmly into the rear frame channel and gently lowering the front into place.
3. Replace the drawers.

Drawer and Cover Removal

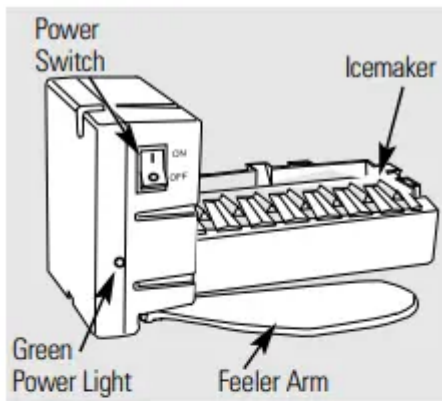
Drawers can be removed easily by grasping the sides and lifting up slightly while

1. Lower the frame until it rests on the supports at each side and back
2. Replace the glass cover, pushing its rear edge firmly into the rear frame channel and gently lowering the front into place.
3. Replace the drawers.

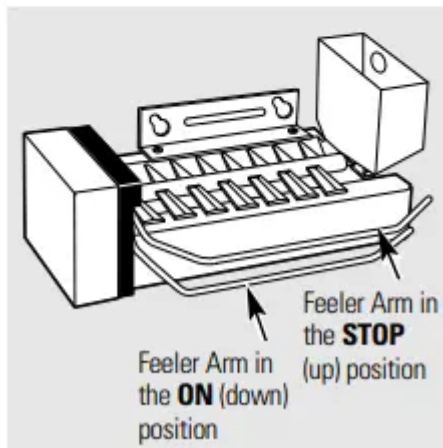
About the automatic icemaker.

A newly-installed refrigerator may take 12 to 24 hours to begin making ice.

Automatic Icemaker (on some models)



Power switch model



Feeler arm model

The icemaker will produce seven cubes per cycle—approximately 100-130 cubes in a 24-hour period, depending on freezer compartment temperature, room temperature, number of door openings and other use conditions.

There are two types of icemakers: power switch models and feeler arm models.

If the refrigerator is operated before the water connection is made to the icemaker, set the power switch to **O (off)** or move the feeler arm to the **STOP** (up) position.

When the refrigerator has been connected to the water supply, set the power switch to the **I (on)** position or move the feeler arm to the **ON** (down) position. On power switch models, the green light will come on.

You will hear a buzzing sound each time the icemaker fills with water.

The icemaker will fill with water when it cools to 15°F. A newly-installed refrigerator may take 12 to 24 hours to begin making ice cubes.

Throw away the first few batches of ice to allow the water line to clear.

Be sure nothing interferes with the sweep of the feeler arm.

When the bin fills to the level of the feeler arm, the icemaker will stop producing ice.

It is normal for several cubes to be joined together.

If ice is not used frequently, old ice cubes will become cloudy, taste stale and shrink.

On power switch models, the green power light will blink if ice cubes get stuck in the icemaker. To correct this, set the power switch to **O (off)** and remove the cubes. Set the power switch to **I (on)** to restart the icemaker. After the icemaker has been turned on again, there will be a delay of about 45 minutes before the icemaker resumes operation.

NOTE: *In homes with lower-than-average water pressure, you may hear the icemaker cycle multiple times when making one batch of ice.*

Icemaker Accessory Kit

If your refrigerator did not already come equipped with an automatic icemaker, an icemaker accessory kit is available at extra cost.

Check the back of the refrigerator for the specific icemaker kit needed for your model.

Care and cleaning of the refrigerator.

Cleaning the Outside

The door handles and trim (on some models). Clean with a cloth dampened with soapy water. Dry with a soft cloth.

Keep the outside clean. Wipe with a clean cloth lightly dampened with kitchen appliance wax or mild liquid dish detergent. Dry and polish with a clean, soft cloth.

Do not wipe the refrigerator with a soiled dish cloth or wet towel. These may leave a residue that can erode the paint. Do not use scouring pads, powdered cleaners, bleach or cleaners containing bleach because these products can scratch and weaken the paint finish.

Cleaning the Inside

To help prevent odors, leave an open box of baking soda in the fresh food and freezer compartments.

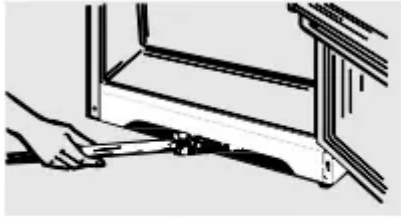
Unplug the refrigerator before cleaning. If this is not practical, wring excess moisture out of sponge or cloth when cleaning around switches, lights or controls.

Use warm water and baking soda solution— about a tablespoon (15 ml) of baking soda to a quart (1 liter) of water. This both cleans and neutralizes odors. Rinse and wipe dry.

Avoid cleaning cold glass shelves (on some models) with hot water because the extreme temperature difference may cause them to break. Handle glass shelves carefully. Bumping tempered glass can cause it to shatter.

Do not wash any plastic refrigerator parts in

Condenser



Cleaning the condenser coils.

There is no need for routine condenser cleaning in normal home operating environments. However, in environments that may be particularly dusty or greasy, the condenser should be cleaned periodically for efficient refrigerator operation.

To clean the condenser, turn the temperature control dial to **0**. Sweep away or vacuum up dust.

For best results, use a brush specially designed for this purpose. It is available at most appliance parts stores.

Behind the Refrigerator

Be careful when moving the refrigerator away from the wall. All types of floor coverings can be damaged, particularly cushioned coverings and those with embossed surfaces.

Turn the leveling legs at each front corner of the refrigerator counterclockwise until the rollers support the refrigerator. Pull the refrigerator straight out and return it to position by pushing it straight in. Moving the refrigerator in a side direction may result in damage to the floor covering or refrigerator.

Light Bulb Replacement

To replace a burned-out bulb, unplug the refrigerator from its electrical outlet, unscrew the bulb when cool and replace it with an appliance bulb of the same or lower wattage.

Preparing for Vacation

*Turning the control to the **0** position does not remove power to the light circuit.*

For long vacations or absences, remove food and unplug the refrigerator. Move the temperature control dial to the **0** position, and clean the interior with a baking soda solution of one tablespoon (15 ml) of baking soda to one quart (1 liter) of water. Leave the doors open.

Set the icemaker power switch to the **O (off)** position or move the feeler arm to the **STOP** (up) position (depending on model) and shut off the water supply to the refrigerator.

If the temperature can drop below freezing, have a qualified servicer drain the water supply system (on some models) to prevent serious property damage due to flooding.

Preparing to Move

Secure all loose items such as grille, shelves and drawers by taping them securely in place to prevent damage.

Be sure the refrigerator stays in an upright position during moving.

Troubleshooting Tips

Problem	Possible Causes	What To Do
Refrigerator does not operate	<p>WHIR! The refrigerator is not cycling on. The compressor may not be running. You may hear a high-pitched pulsating sound while it is not connected.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wait 24 hours for the refrigerator to completely cool down. • Replace one of frequently broken a large amount of food is added to the refrigerator or freezer compartments. The fans are helping to
	<p>Temperature control dial in O position.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wait 24 hours for the refrigerator to completely cool down. • On feeler arm models, set the power switch to the I (on) position. On feeler arm models, move the feeler arm to the ON (down) position. • Move the temperature control dial to a temperature setting. • You may hear the fans spinning at high speeds. This happens when the refrigerator is first plugged in, when the doors are
	<p>Water supply turned off or not connected.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See <i>Installing the water line</i>. • Push the plug completely into the outlet.
Vibration or rattling (slight vibration is normal)	<p>The fuse is blown/circuit breaker is tripped.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Replace one of frequently broken a large amount of food is added to the refrigerator or freezer compartments. The fans are helping to
	<p>Roller screws or leveling feet need adjusting.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See <i>Rollers and Leveling Legs</i>. • Level cabinet by manufacturer's temperatures.
Motor operates for long periods or cycles on and off frequently. (Modern refrigerators with more storage space and a larger freezer require more operating time. They start and stop often to maintain even temperatures.)	<p>RACKS and CHIRPS Normal when refrigerator is first plugged in. The icemaker is on but the water supply to the refrigerator has not been first connected. Often occurs when large amounts of food are placed in refrigerator.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wait 24 hours for the icemaker to completely cool down. • Turn the icemaker off. On power switch models, set the power switch to the O (off) position. On feeler arm models, move the feeler arm to the STOP (up) position. Keeping it on will damage the water valve. • The flow of refrigerant through the freezer cooling coils may make a gurgling noise like boiling water.
	<p>Water shut-off valve connecting refrigerator to water line may be clogged.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call the plumber to clear the valve. • Check to see if package is holding door open. • Water dropping on the defrost heater can cause a sizzling, popping or buzzing sound during the defrost cycle.
	<p>Hot weather or frequent door openings.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is normal. • Check to see if package is holding door open.
	<p>Temperature control dial not set cold enough.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See <i>About the temperature control dial</i>. • See <i>About the temperature control dial</i>.
	<p>Ice storage bin needs cleaning.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Empty and wash bin. Discard old cubes. • See <i>Care and cleaning</i>.
	<p>Ice storage bin needs cleaning.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See <i>Care and cleaning</i>. • Set the temperature control dial one step colder. • See <i>About the temperature control dial</i>.
Fresh food or freezer compartment too warm	<p>Food transmitting odor/taste to ice cubes.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wrap foods well. • See <i>About the temperature control dial</i>.
	<p>Interior of refrigerator needs cleaning.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See <i>Care and cleaning</i>. • Set the temperature control dial one step colder. • See <i>About the temperature control dial</i>.



Problem	Possible Causes	What To Do
Moisture forms on cabinet surface between the doors	Not unusual during periods of high humidity.	•Wipe surface dry and reset temperature control dial to one setting colder.
Moisture collects inside (in humid weather, air long door openings. carries moisture into refrigerator when doors are opened)	Too frequent or too long door openings.	
Refrigerator has odor	Foods transmitting odor to refrigerator.	•Foods with strong odors should be tightly wrapped.
		•Keep an open box of baking soda in the refrigerator; replace every three months.
	Interior needs cleaning.	•See <i>Care and cleaning</i> .

Problem	Possible Causes	What To Do
	Door left open.	•Check to see if package is holding door open.
	Package blocking air duct in freezer compartment.	•Check to see if package is blocking air duct in freezer compartment.
Frost or ice crystals on frozen food (frost within package is normal)	Door left open.	•Check to see if package is holding door open.
	Too frequent or too long door openings.	

Warning

This content is compiled from multiple sources and is provided for reference purposes only. It may not be complete or fully applicable to all situations. If you are unable to resolve your issue, please contact the product manufacturer or an authorized service provider for official support.



